History and configuration

X Window System



X Windows System / X11 – brief history

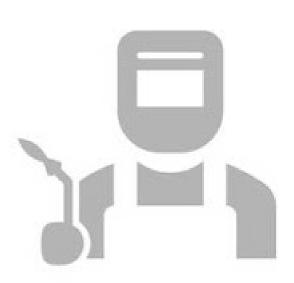
- 1983 W window system working on V-System
- June 1984 Jim Gettys and Bob Scheifler from MIT create X Window System
- 1988 MIT X Consortium
- January 1994 all rights to X moved to X Consortium
- 1996 Open Software Foundation and X/Open create The Open Group with X Project Team
- May 1999 X Project Team is disbanded, X.org Group created
- 22/Jan/2004 members of X.org Group create X.org Foundation

What is X Window System?



Role of X:

Windowing system for bitmaps display Provides framework for building GUI Handles peripherial devices like mouse, keyboard, touchpad, tablets



What is not a role of X:

Doesn't handle windows

Doesn't provide UI

Doesn't draw windows elements – it's a role for Window manager.

Implementations

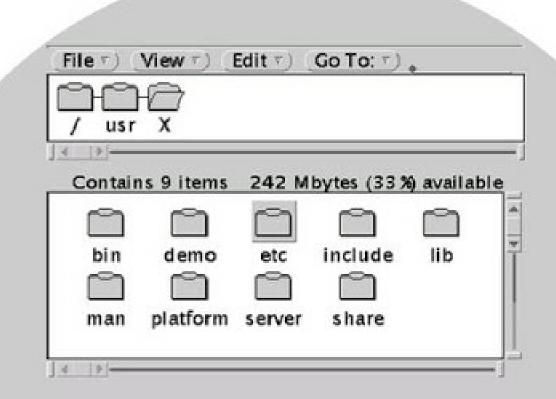
- X.org
- XFree86





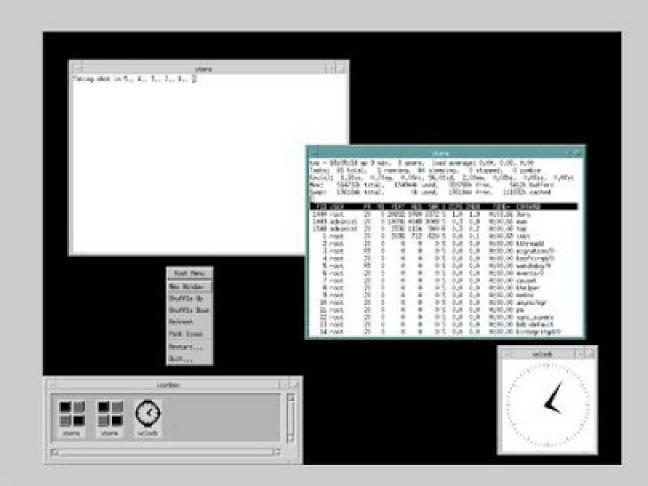
Widgets libraries for X Window System

- Athena
- Motif
- OpenLook
- Gnome
- KDE











User's workstation Keyboard Mouse Screen X Server X client X client (browser) (xterm) Network X client (xterm) Remote machine

X Window System internals

- Client-server architecture
- Server displays bitmaps, handles peripherial devices
- Client software requesting changes to contents of windows

Linux

- Installation by default with OS: Fedora
- Offers option on system setup: Slackware, openSuse

BSD

- Using Package manager
- Using ports collection
- Installed with OS: TridentOS, DragonFlyBSD, GhostBSD

Installation of X Window System

Packages # pkg install xorg # cd /usr/ports/x11/xorg **Ports** collection # make install clean

Installing X11 on FreeBSD

Add user to video or wheel group

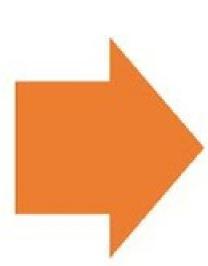
pw groupmod video -m kili | |
 pw groupmod wheel -m kili

Add to /boot/loader.conf:

- kern.vty=vt
- kern.vt.fb.default_mode="1024x768"
- i915kms_load="YES" only on newer Intel GPU (requires install of drm-next-kmod)

Configuration files paths:

- Single file configuration:
- /usr/local/etc/X11/xorg.conf
- Everything in one place
- Horrible to manage on long run
- Multi-file configuration:
- /usr/local/etc/X11/xorg.conf.d/
- screen-resolution.conf
- driver-vesa.conf
- driver-intel.conf
- Can split configuration to multiple files
- Can use multiple drivers
- Looks nice & easy to manage



I use single file since I often make changes and I am too lazy to open many files ;P



My config file:

```
Section "ServerLayout"

Identifier "X.org Configured"

Screen 0 "Screen0" 0 0

InputDevice "Mouse0" "CorePointer"

InputDevice "Keyboard0" "CoreKeyboard"

EndSection
```

```
Section "Files"

ModulePath "/usr/local/lib/xorg/modules"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/misc/"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/TTF/"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/OTF/"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/Type1/"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/100dpi/"
FontPath "/usr/local/share/fonts/75dpi/"
EndSection
```

```
Section "Module"
Load "glx"
EndSection
```

```
Section "InputDevice"

Identifier "Keyboard0"

Driver "kbd"

EndSection
```

```
Section "InputDevice"

Identifier "Mouse0"

Driver "evdev"

Option "Protocol" "auto"

Option "Device" "/dev/sysmouse"

Option "ZAxisMapping" "4 5 6 7"

EndSection

Section "Monitor"

Identifier "Monitor0"

VendorName "Monitor Vendor"

ModelName "Monitor Model"

EndSection
```

```
Section "Device"
    ### Available Driver options are:-
    ### Values: <i>: integer, <f>: float, <bool>: "True"/"False",
    ### <string>: "String", <freq>: "<f> Hz/kHz/MHz",
    ### <percent>: "<f>%"
    ### [arg]: arg optional
    #Option "ShadowFB"
                                         # [<bool>]
    #Option "DefaultRefresh"
                                         # [<bool>]
    #Option "ModeSetClearScreen"
                                         # [<bool>]
        Identifier "Card0"
        #Driver "vesa"
        Driver "intel"
        BusID
                 "PCI:0:2:0"
EndSection
```

```
Section "Screen"

Identifier "Screen0"

Device "Card0"

Monitor "Monitor0"

SubSection "Display"

Viewport 0 0

Depth 24

Visual "TrueColor"

Modes "1920x1080" "1366x768" "1280x768" "1024x768" "800x600" "640x480"

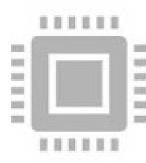
EndSubSection

EndSection
```

X11 Configuration - Summary



4 of 5 people won't need to configure X Window System manually



Those who do this by hand are unlucky few, who use strange hardware configuration



Linux configuration files for X
Window System have different
location depending on
distribution or even distro
version



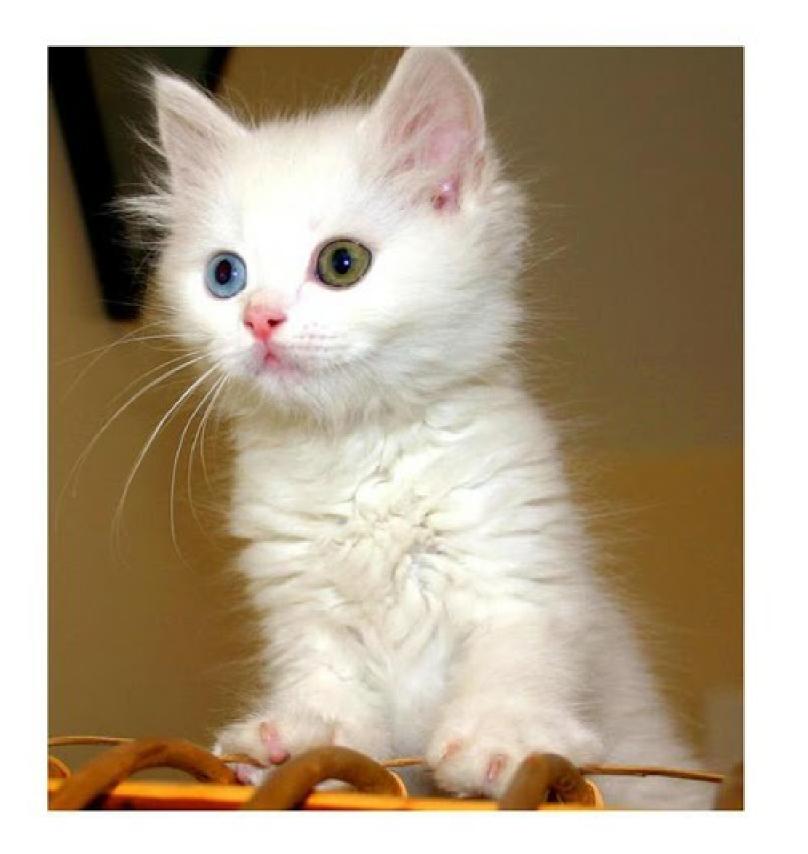
Linux tries to hide this mess switching to Wayland



Wayland is good – I want to use it on BSD, so I can forget about this presentation!



Questions?



Thank you

- E-mail (SHA256): 707a2d59fdd3cd1305f00aff01a21464ac3e706496b39d1072037324c29a5837 -
- E-mail: bWljaGFsQGtpbGlqYW5lay5wbA==
- Twitter: aHR0cHM6Ly90d2l0dGVyLmNvbS9raWxpamFuZWs=