



# FIFA World Cup Finals how to stream a BIG sports event live









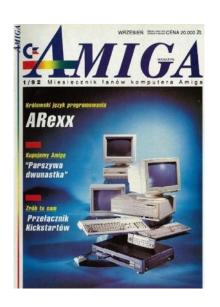
live

FIRST-00 ARG CEXPERIENCES OF ORTHOR the 2014 FIFA World Cup Finals in Brazil internet broadcast preparation and execution (and some Euro 2016 stuff...) (works for 2018 Finals too...)





# Who Am I?









1992-1997 1997-2003 2004-2016



### 2004-2010 - iTVP project

funded by the Polish government (KBJ)



# It all started in the

pre-smartphone era...



(2005+)

### What TVP did earlier...







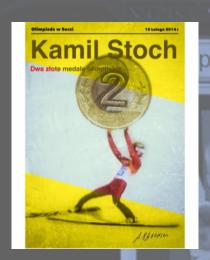








### What TVP did earlier...



**AFTER HOURS** 







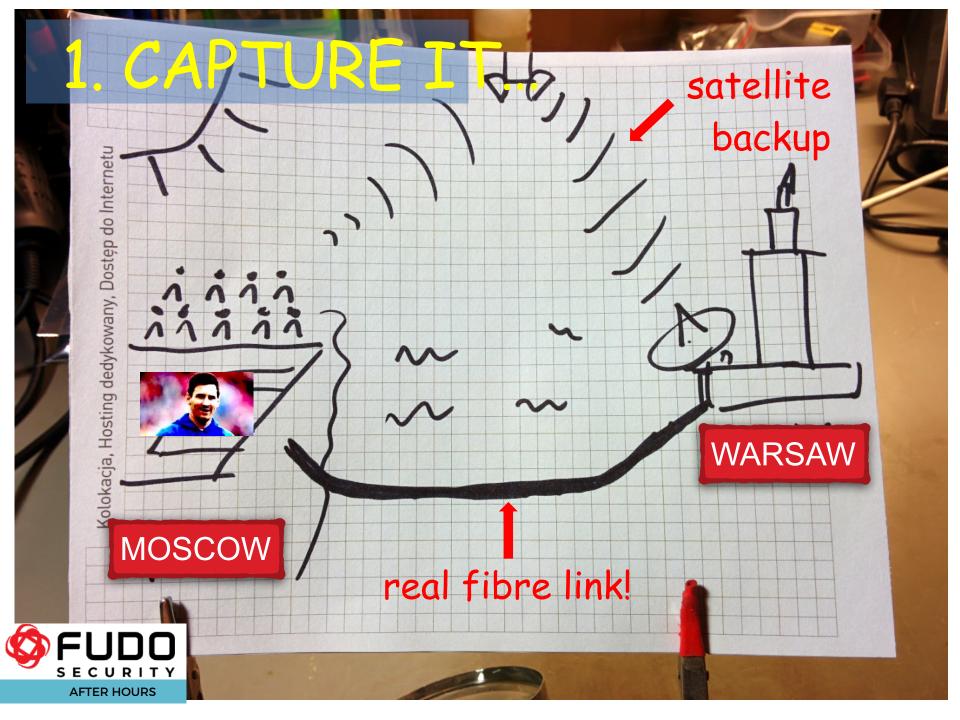


2006 FUD it/s PAL 720x576 5.1 surround sound

2005







# 1. CAPTURE IT



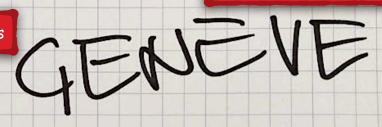
- 2x mocord
- WLININGAD
- -ST. PETERSBURG
- DOROJOUCH PUSIN -
- KAZWÍ
- YEUTERINBURG
- SARAMSK
- SAMAAA
- VOLGOGAND
- -ROSTON OU DON
- SOCHI

~ 2800 km ~1740 miles

\*Olympic Broadcasting Services



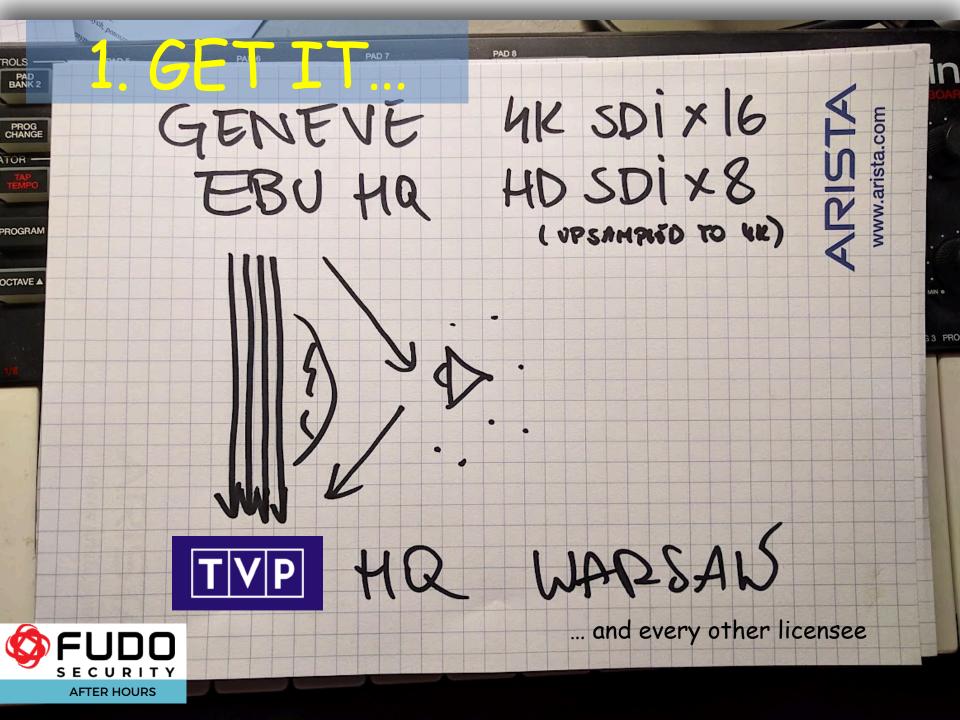
FIBREISAT



ALVINAMA

TO STITE MANAGEMENT

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## WHAT IS SDI?

SDI is \_NOT\_ Strategic Defense Initiative

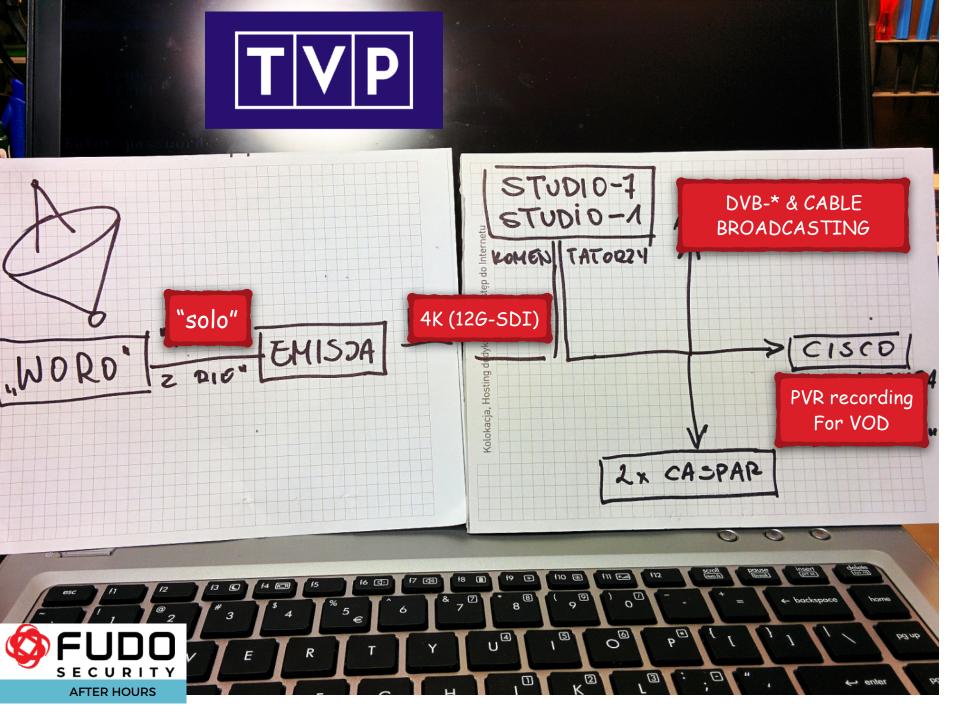
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Serial\_digital\_interface:

Serial digital interface (SDI) is a family of digital video interfaces first standardized by SMPTE (The Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers) in 1989 (...) used for transmission of **uncompressed**, **unencrypted digital video**\* signals (optionally including embedded audio and time code) within television facilities.

\* – includes color burst, V-sync, H-sync, etc...

#### It's Ethernet for Broadcasting. Key differences:

- don't care for content, care about the signal itself (vs I care a lot about what's inside this packet),
- mostly static, protein-based routing (vs dynamic rule-based routing, like BGP, ISIS or RIP),
- copper PHY is still BNC-based (vs "what's a BNC?"),
- SDI-based PRO broadcasting gear costs a kidney and a liver (vs my Raspberry has a 1 GbE NIC),
- original SDI standard (SD-SDI, 576i in PAL) is almost exclusively 270 Mbit/s,
- HD-SDI (introduced in 1998) is 1.485 Gbit/s (or 1.485/1.001 for brain-dead fps rates), 720p or 1080i,
- Dual-link HD-SDI and later 3G-SDI (2002, 2006) is 3 Gbit/s (actually 2.970) at 1080p60,
- 6G-SDI/12G-SDI (2015) is used for **4K broadcasting**, **2160p30** and **2160p60** respectively and usually uses LACP-like multiple BNC or fibre PHY (4x3 Gbit/s BNC or 2x10 SFP+).

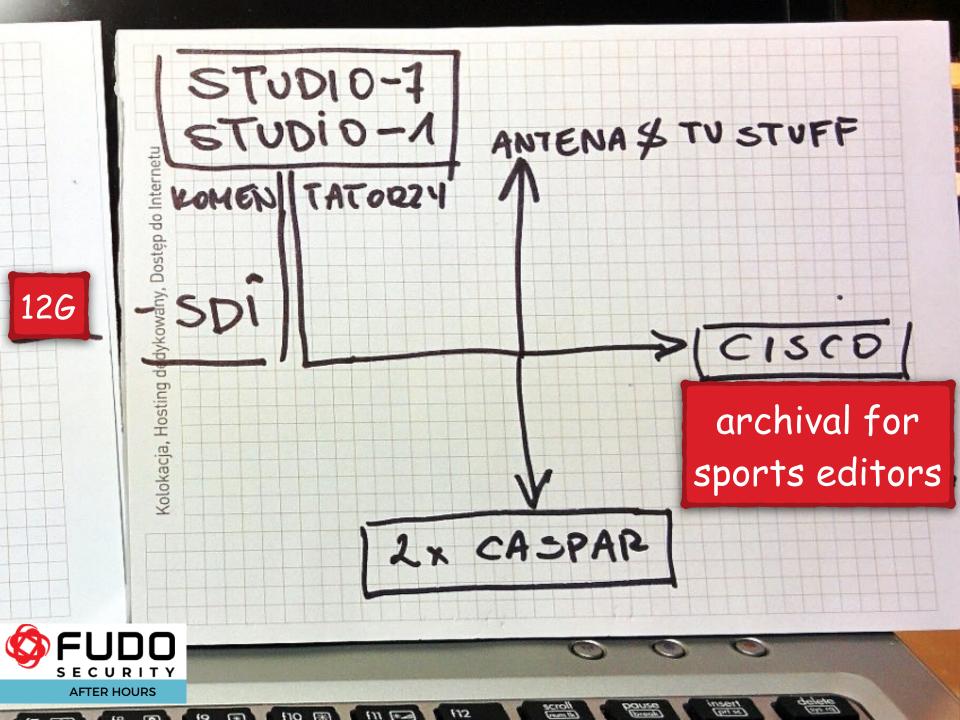


STADION NON STOP

TRANSMISJA TVP







### Cisco D9036 Modular Encoding Platform

The Cisco® D9036 Modular Encoding Platform provides multi-resolution, multi-format encoding for applications requiring high levels of video quality. The modular platform is scalable to support as many as eight Standard Definition (SD), four High Definition (HD), or other combinations of video encoders within a single rack unit, while providing excellent broadcast quality video and consuming as little as 40 Watts per service.

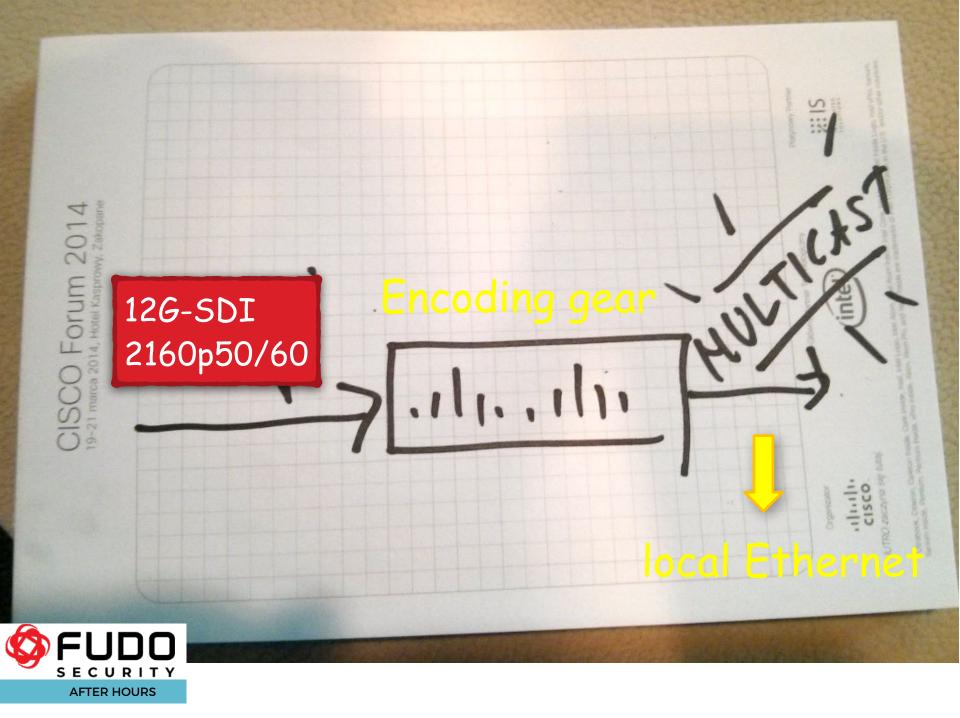
Figure 1. Cisco D9036 Modular Encoder

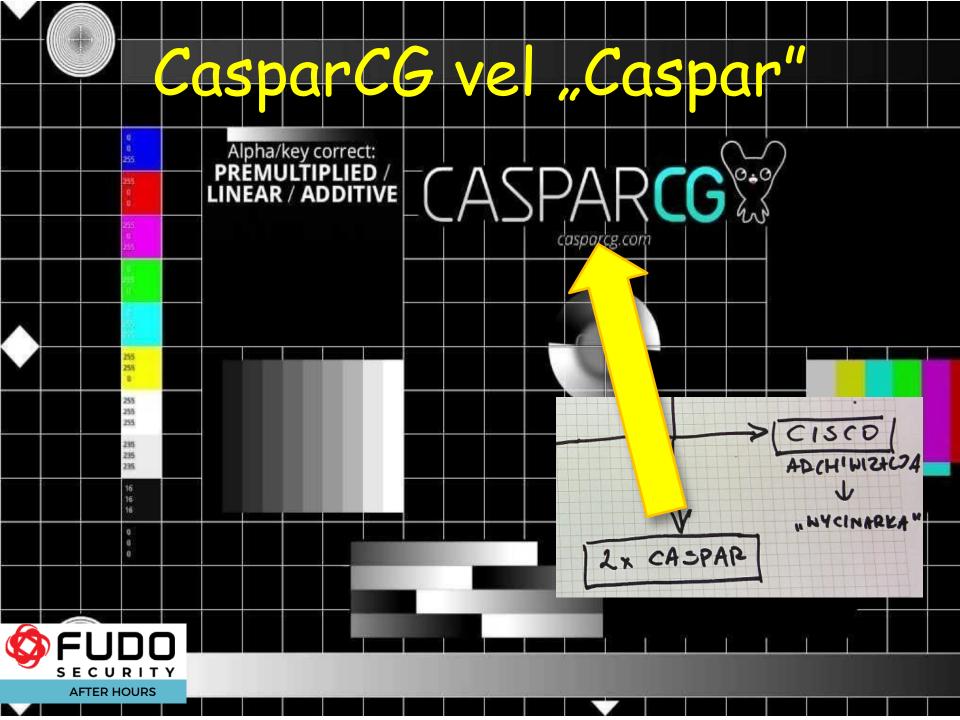
harmonic



harmonic









FREE broadcasting software developed by 51/1

Works flawlessly with a cheap Black Magic Decklink HD video card and **SQUADAQ**-like gear

# **SQUADAQ** gear...

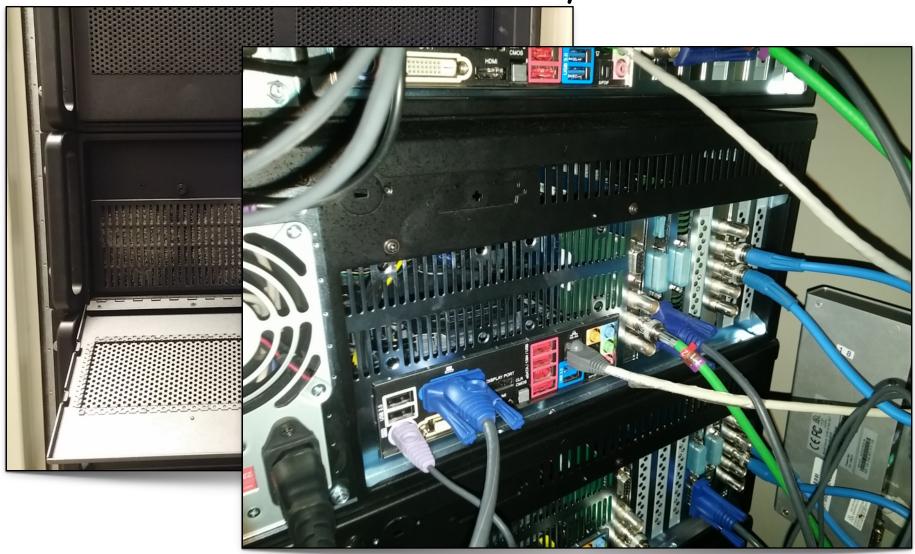


#### CasparGC is there to:

- -convert multicast HD into HLS (400-2300 kbit/s streams),
- -add the broadcaster logo (mandatory license requirement),
- -mix signals (pre- and post-match + jingles during the pause)

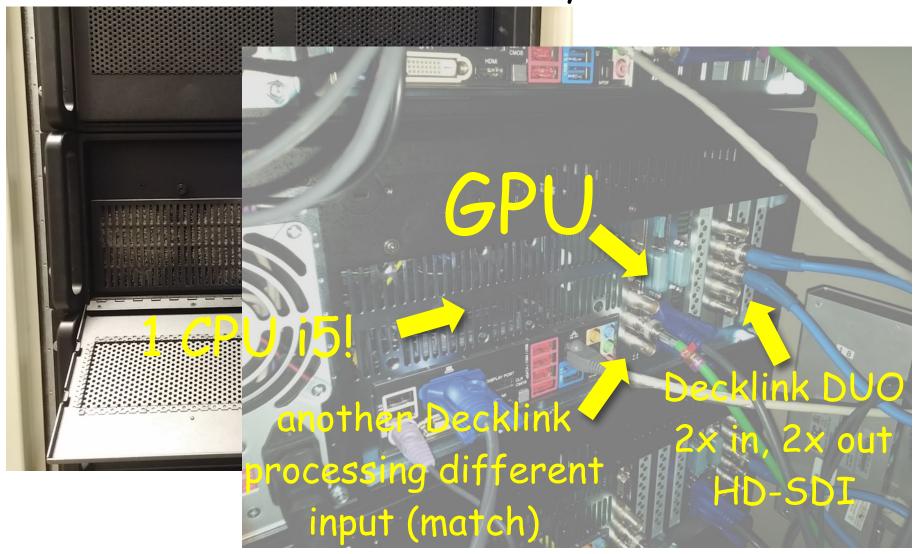


# **5QUADAQ** style...

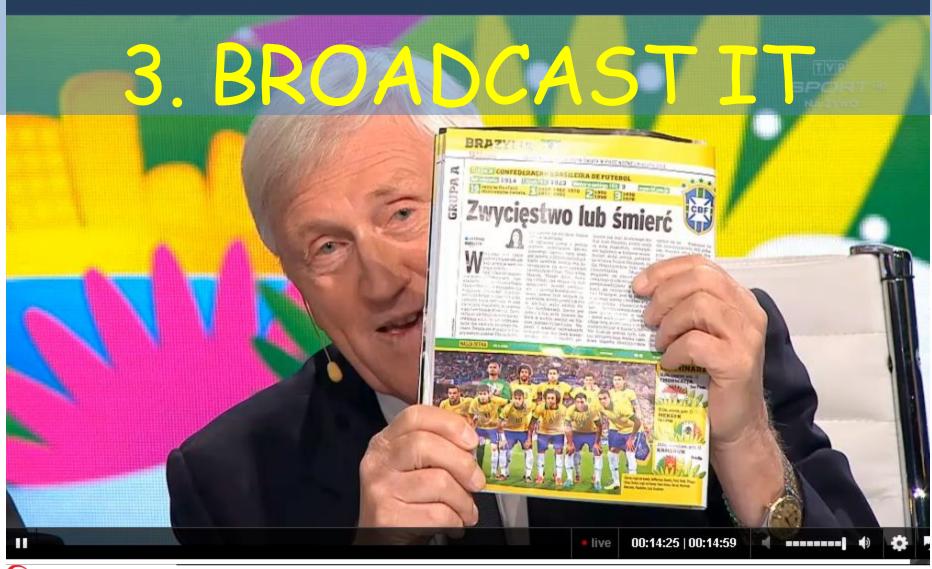




# **SQUADAQ** style...









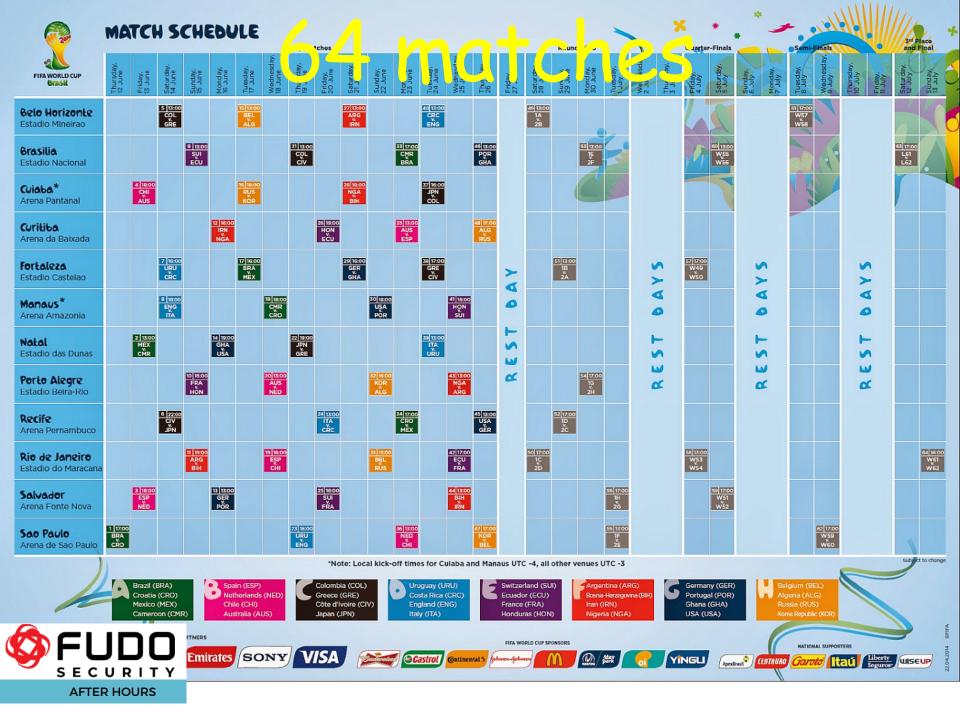


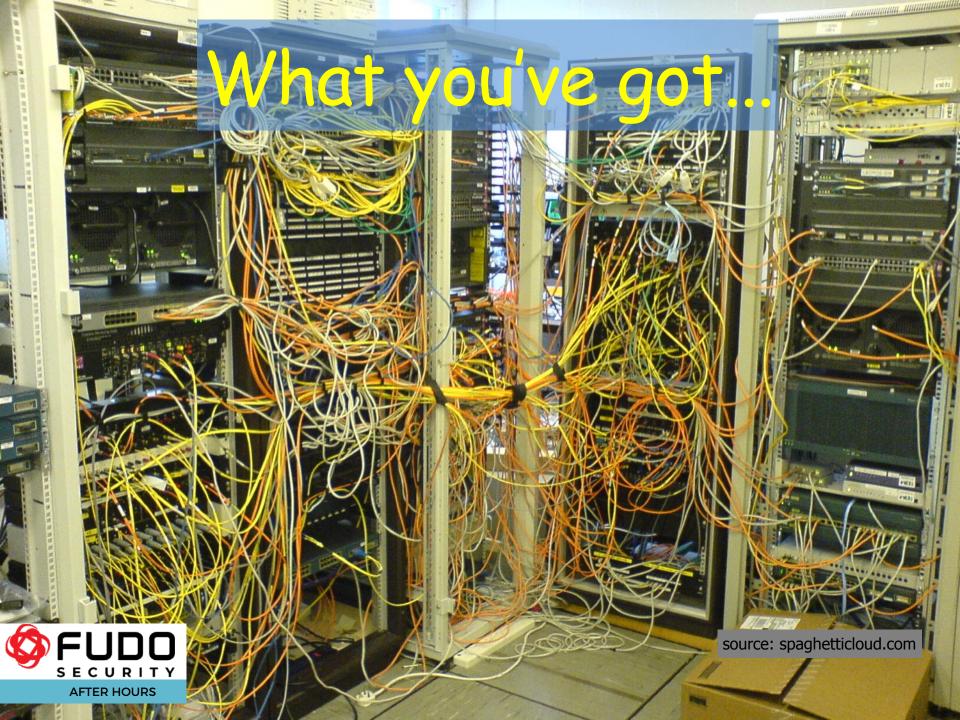














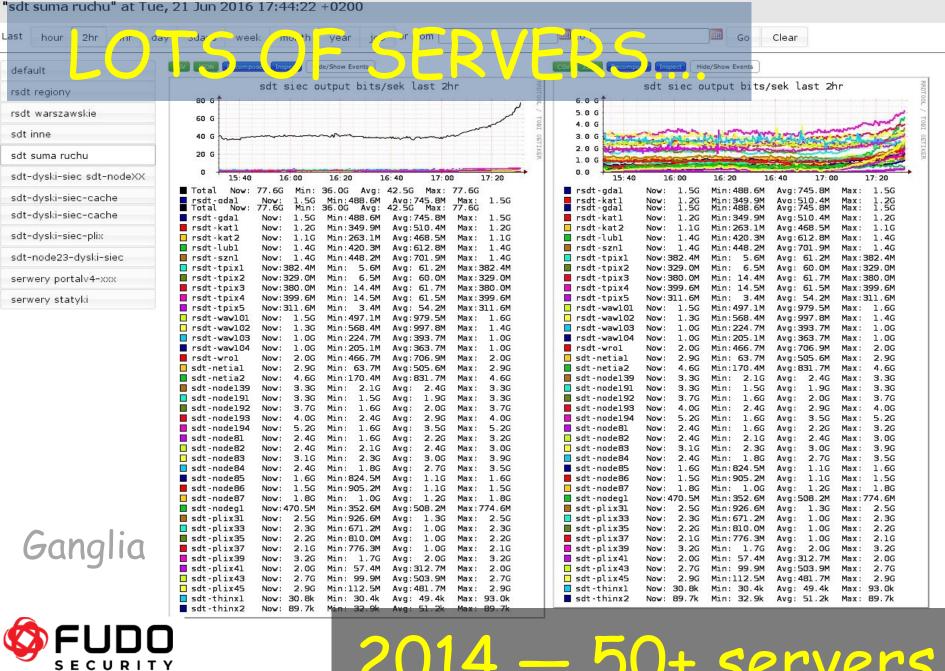




```
12:40:27.816 CET
HundredGigE0/3/0/0 is up, line protocol is up
 incerrace scace cransitions: 277
 Hardware is HundredGigE, address is c067.af‱ ∰ (bia c067.af‰
 Layer 1 Transport Mode is LAN
 Description: PLIX
 Internet address is 195.182.218.20/23
 MTU 1514 bytes, BW 100000000 Kbit (Max: 100000000 Kbit)
    reliability 255/255, txload 3/255, rxload 0/255
 Encapsulation ARPA,
 Full-duplex, 100000Mb/s, link type is force-up
 output flow control is off, input flow control is off
 loopback not set,
 ARP type ARPA, ARP timeout 04:00:00
 Last input 00:00:00, output 00:00:00
 Last cleaning of "stew interface" chipters 19:29 EGSE...
 5 minute output rate 1291884000 bits/sec, 109622 packets/sec
CFP EEPROM port: TVP tested 100 GbE in April 2014
 Ext Type: 24W, Host Lane n:m, LANWDM, CLEI,
 Connector Type: SC
 Ethernet Application Codes: 100GE-LR4,
 Number of Lanes: Network 4, Host 10
        errors, 0 underruns, 0 applique, 0 resets
   SECURITY buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
    AFTER HOURS
            r transitions
```

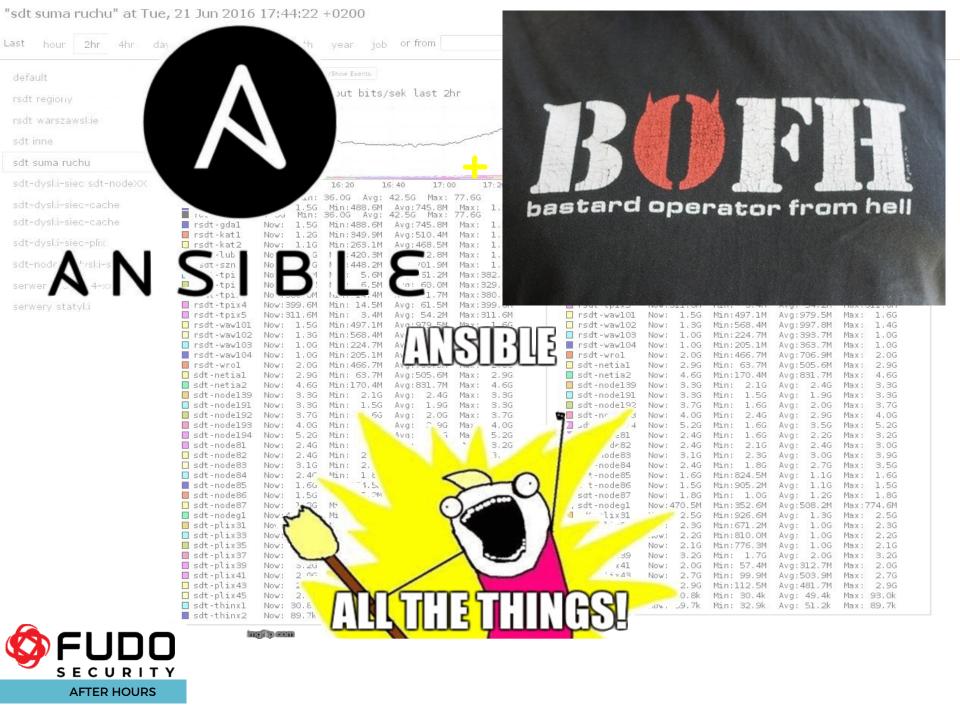
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:g11asr#sh int hu0/3/0/0





**AFTER HOURS** 

2014 — 50+ servers



### CDN - either you buy it or DYI

Usually a CDN (Content Delivery Network) consist of:

- ✓ redirector nodes the more the better, this is the <u>magic</u> ingredient making the whole CDN smart (decisions are based on live BGP data, server load, viewer ISP and type of content),
- ✓ proxy nodes (kind of L2 cache) usually grouped geographically,
- ✓ edge nodes (kind of L1 cache) lots of them, cleverly deployed to take advantage of uplink asymmetries,
- ✓ origin nodes are usually provided by the CDN customer live feeds need just two sources, VPN is used due to license restrictions,

... think Akamai CDN, L3 CDN, Fastly, Amazon (for VODs), etc.

or...

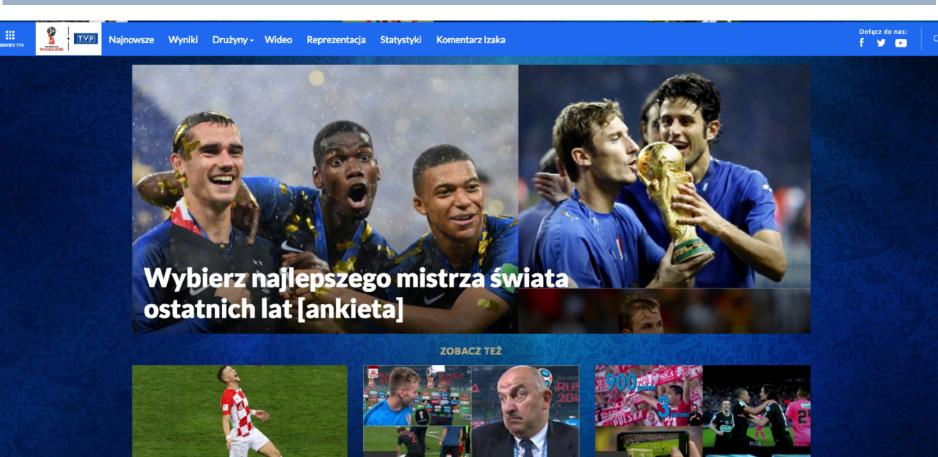
you can build a CDN yourself and use just collocated services (usually free of charge\*) and borrowed servers...

It will take just 12 people, over a million+ Euro/\$ investment and 5+ years to develop



but the running cost is ~1/3 of what the commercial CDNs charge...

# ... and a nice webpage with live stuff...





MŚ w liczbach: maratończyk Perisić, koszmar

Meksyku



"Ale urwał": miny Czerczesowa i szalona radość

Chorwatów

Cała Polska przed telewizorami. "To wielki

sukces TVP"





The server encountered an internal error or misconfiguration and was unable to complete your request.

Please contact the server administrator, admin@localhost ar occurred, and anything you might have done that may have

More information about this error may be available in the se

## Error 503 Service Unavailable

Service Unavailable

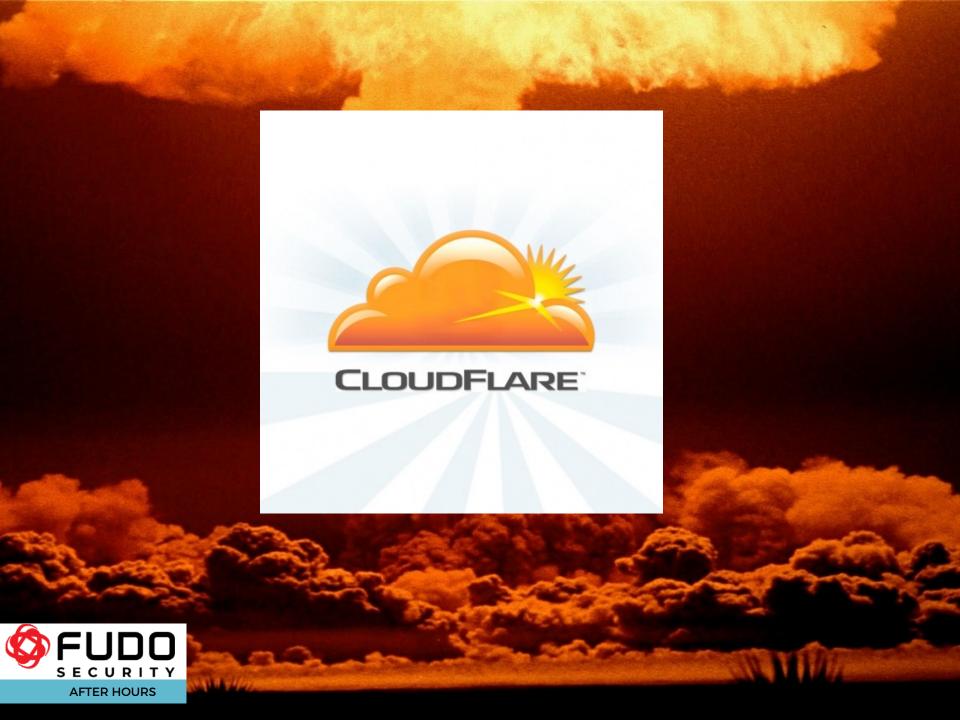
#### Guru Meditation:

XID: 1495675306

Varnish cache server







## Requests Through CloudFlare

### **Total Requests**

Last 24 Hours

106,277,748

### **Cached Requests**

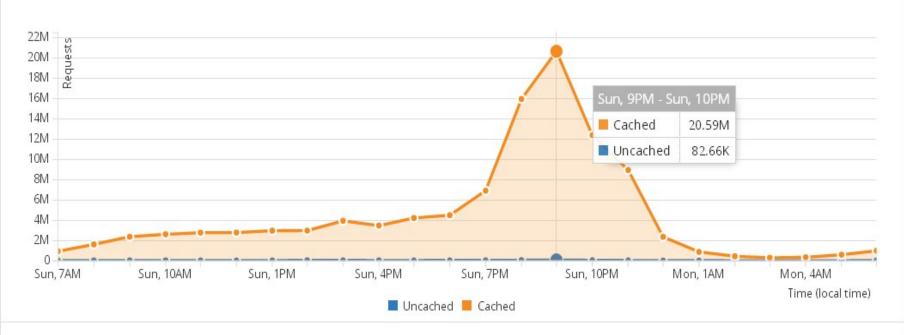
Last 24 Hours

105,548,148

### **Uncached Requests**

Last 24 Hours

729,600









## Skip the boring stuff, let's talk about...

WTOREK, 08.07, 22:00, 1/2 FINAŁU



1:7



200,97



Gbit/s





## Skip the boring stuff, let's talk about...

WTOREK, 08.07, 22:00, 1/2 FINAŁU



1:7

(0:5)



200,97

SPORT.TVP.PL

Gbit/s

ŚRODA, 09.07, 22:00, 1/2 FINAŁU



0:0

(0:0, 0:0) KARNE - 2:4



**ARGENTYNA** 

208,71

Gbit/s



## Skip the boring stuff, let's talk about...



WTOREK, 08.07, 22:00, 1/2 FINAŁU



1:7

(0:5)

NIEMCY

200,97

Gbit/s

ŚRODA, 09.07, 22:00, 1/2 FINAŁU



0:0



HOLANDIA (0:0, 0:0) KARNE - 2:4

**ARGENTYNA** 

208,71

Gbit/s

SOBOTA, 12.07, 22:00, MECZ O 3. MIEJSCE



0:3



(0:2)

HOLANDIA

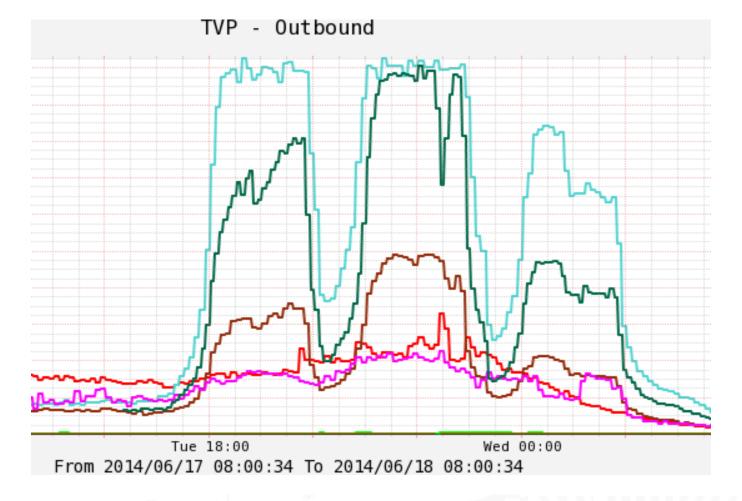
161,23

Gbit/s









WTOREK, 17.06, 18:00, GRUPA H

WTOREK, 17.06, 21:00, GRUPA A

ŚRODA, 18.06, 00:00, GRUPA H



(0:1)



**BRAZYLIA** 

0:0



**MEKSYK** 

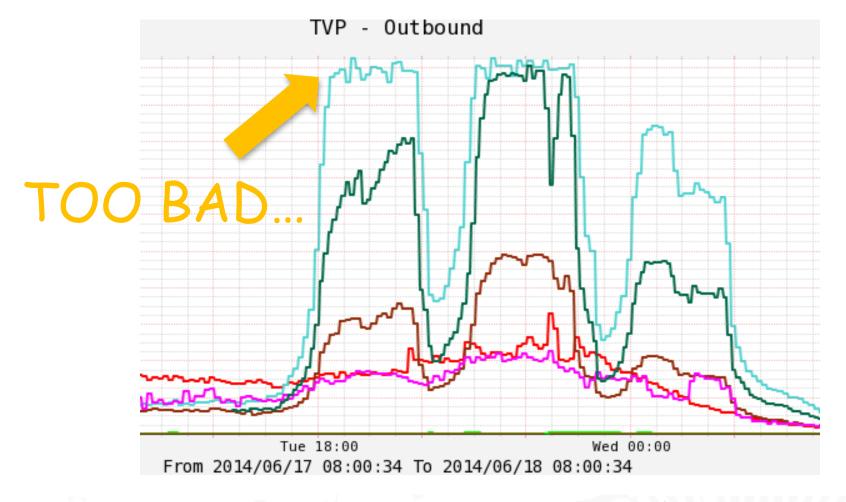


(0:0)



KOREA PŁD.





WTOREK, 17.06, 18:00, GRUPA H

WTOREK, 17.06, 21:00, GRUPA A

ŚRODA, 18.06, 00:00, GRUPA H



(0:1)



**BRAZYLIA** 

0:0



**MEKSYK** 

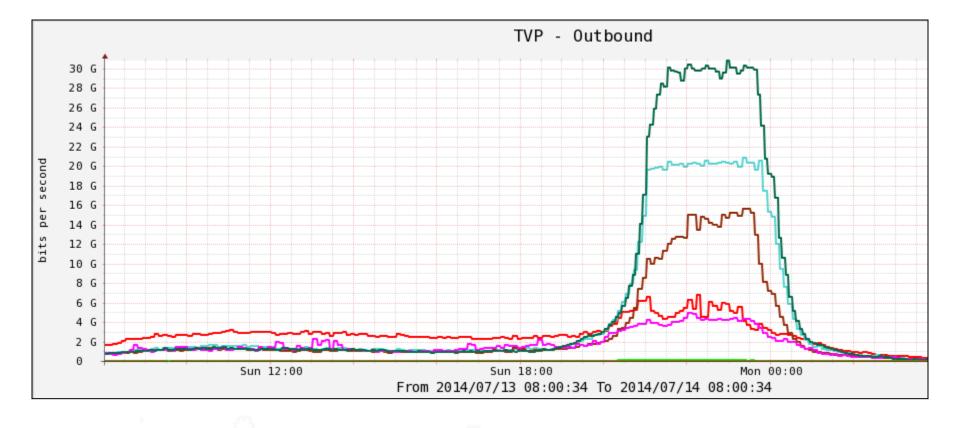


ROSJA



KOREA PŁD.





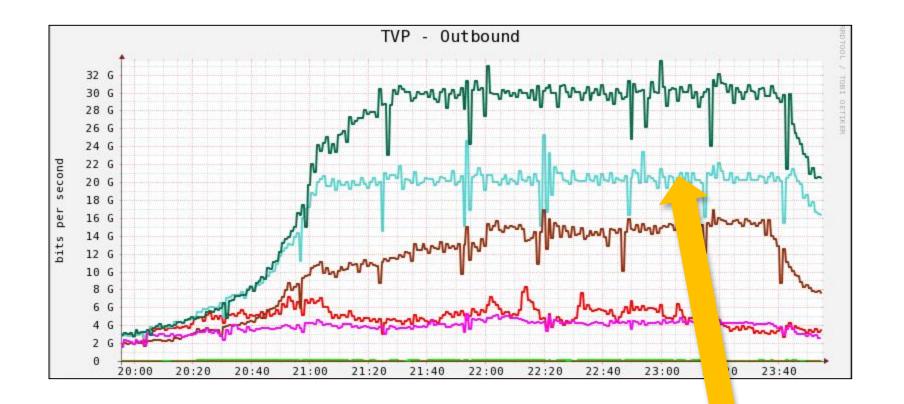
NIEDZIELA, 13.07, 21:00, FINAŁ



1:0







NIEDZIELA, 13.07, 21:00, FINAŁ

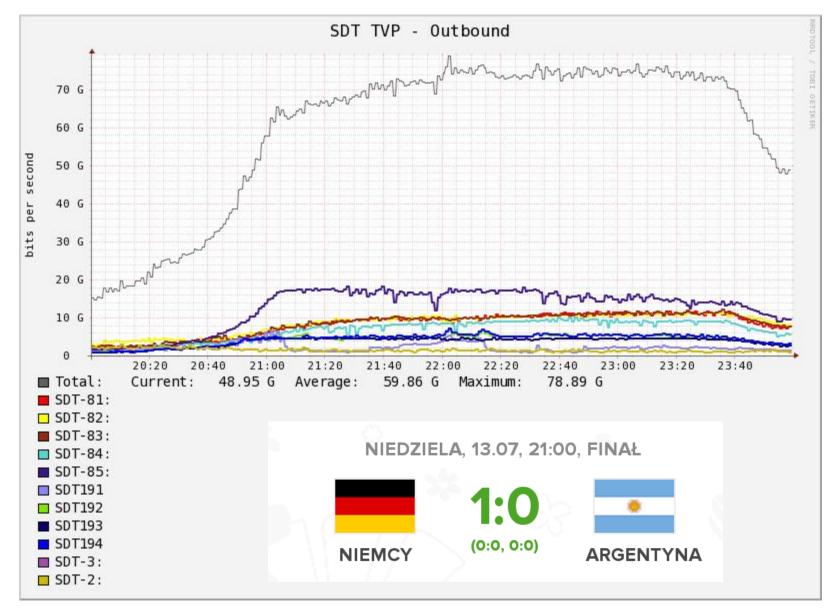


1:0

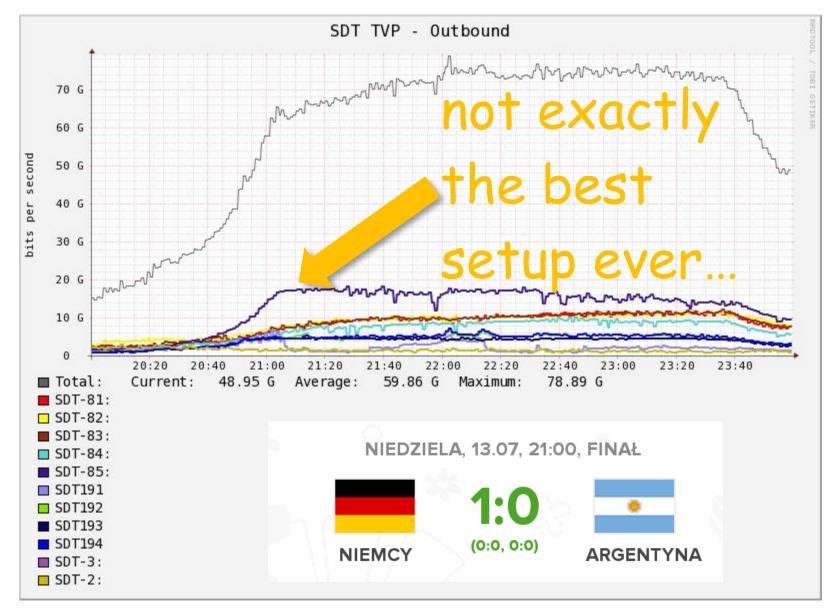




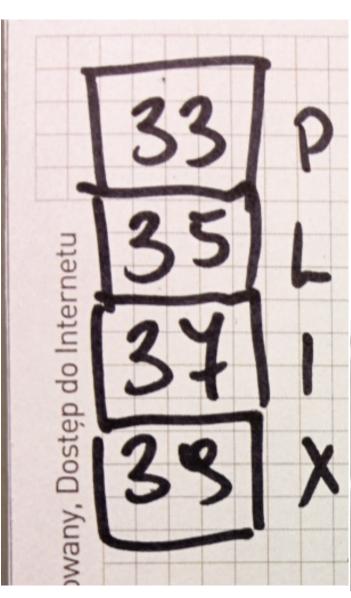












root@sdt-plix33:~# dmidecode |grep -A2 IBM

Vendor: IBM Corp.

Version: -[D6E154AUS-1.13]-Release Date: 09/23/2011

--

Manufacturer: IBM

Product Name: System x3550 M3 -[794472G]-

Version: 00

\_\_\_

Manufacturer: IBM Product Name: 94Y7614

Version: (none)

--

Manufacturer: IBM

Type: Rack Mount Chassis

Lock: Not Present

String 1: IBM SystemX

root@sdt-plix33:~# free

total used free shared buffers cached Mem: 74375600 72792244 1583356 316700 384128 63873076

-/+ buffers/cache: 8535040 65840560 Swap: 974844 19108 955736

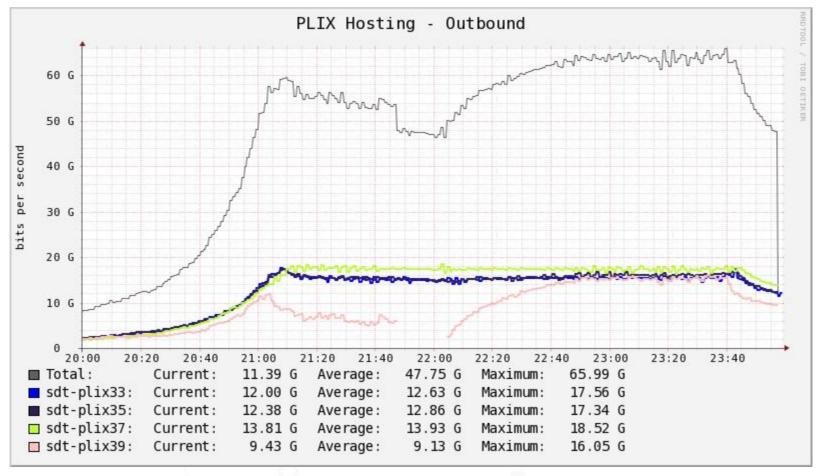
root@sdt-plix33:~# lspci|grep Emu

1a:00.0 Ethernet controller: Emulex Corporation OneConnect 10Gb NIC (rev 02) 1a:00.1 Ethernet controller: Emulex Corporation OneConnect 10Gb NIC (rev 02)

root@sdt-plix33:~# df

Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on
/dev/mapper/vg1-ROOT	19092180	1807968	16291344	10%	1
udev	10240	0	10240	0%	/dev
tmpfs	7437560	3216	7434344	1%	/run
tmpfs	5120	0	5120	0%	/run/lock
tmpfs	14875120	0	14875120	0%	/run/shm
/dev/mapper/vgssd-lvssd	576240192	450214876	126008932	79%	/ssd
/dev/mapper/vg1-STORAGE	1607230788	1141295040	465919364	72%	/storage
/dev/mapper/vg1-VAR	95987468	61887636	29200812	68%	/var



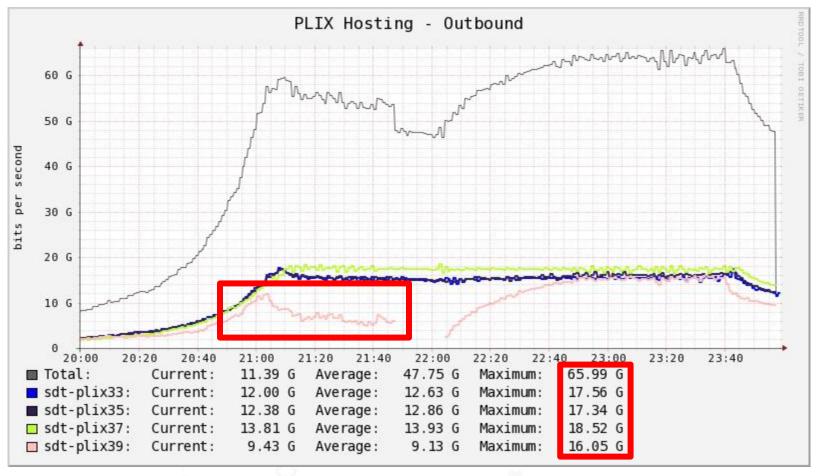


NIEDZIELA, 13.07, 21:00, FINAŁ







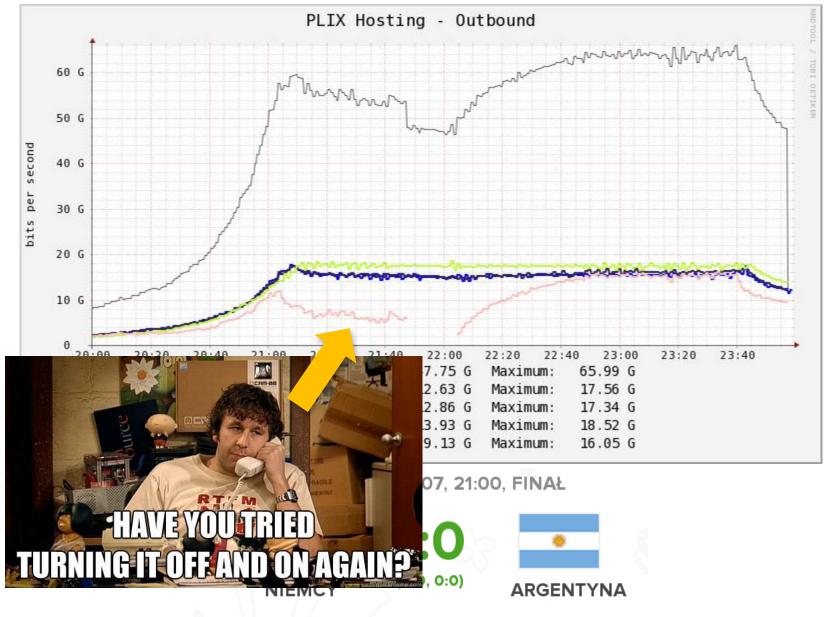


NIEDZIELA, 13.07, 21:00, FINAŁ

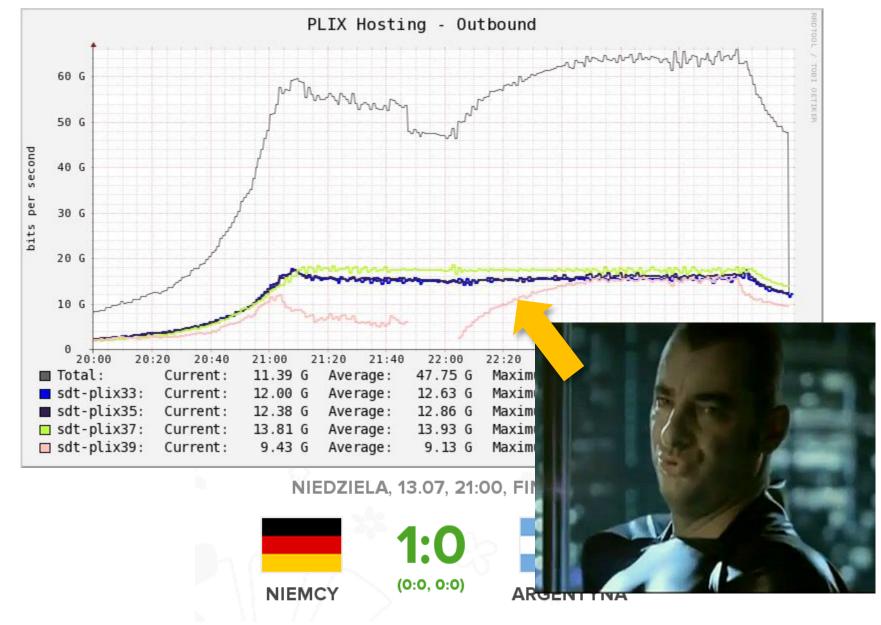




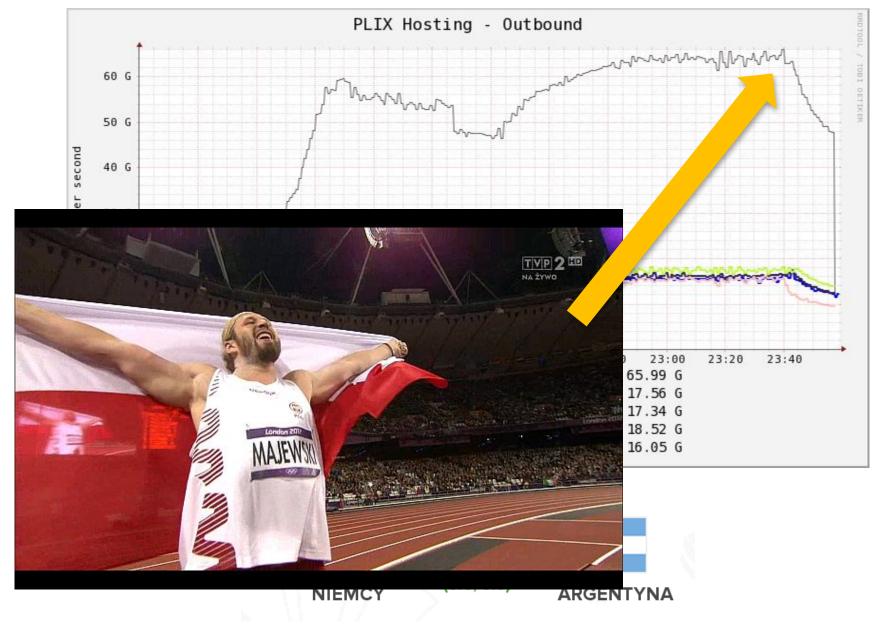
















2014/07/13 22:50:17

HIUP	– sat-p	TTUOL					2014/	07/13 2	2:50:	17						3 (0)(0)(0)					23	erabsed
PRC	sys	14.795	user	1.445	#proc	420	#tru	1 19	#ts	lpi	12e3	#tslp	u Ø	#z	zombi	ie 0	clone:	5 1			#exit	?
CPU	sys	190%	user	62%	irq	708%	idle	1437%	wai	t	4%			st	teal	0%	guest	0%	avgf 2	2.08GHz	avgsca.	1 68%
cpu						199%	idle			023										3.06GHz		1 100%
cou		2%				96%	idle	2%												3.96GHz		1 198%
cpu		2%		18		95%	idle	2%		021												1 100%
cpu		4%		1%		92%	idle	4%		011									avgf :	3.05GHz	avgsca.	1 99%
сри				1%		91%	idle	4%		015									avgf :			1 100%
cpu	sys	8%	user	1%	irq	75%	idle	16%	cpu	017	W 0%	1		st	teal	0%	guest	0%	avgf 2	2.86GHz	avgsca.	1 93%
cpu	sys	9%	user	1%	irq	73%	idle	17%	cpu	019	w 0%	1		st	teal	0%	guest	0%	avgf 2	2.83GHz	avgsca.	1 92%
cpu	sys	7%	user	2%	irq	73%	idle	19%		013					teal	0%	guest	0%		2.77GHz	avgsca.	
cpu	sys	17%	user	6%	irq	0%	idle	77%	cpu						teal	0%	guest	0%		1.85GHz	avgsca.	
cpu	sys	16%	user	5%	irq	1%	idle	79%	cpu						teal	0%	guest	0%		1.67GHz	avgsca.	
cpu	sys	14%	user	4%	irq	10%	idle	71%	cpu	000	w 0%				teal	0%	guest	0%		1.64GHz	avgsca:	
cpu	sys	14%	user	5%	irq	0%	idle	81%	cpu			l			teal	0%	guest	0%		1.61GHz	avgsca:	
cpu	sys	12%	user	6%	irq	0%	idle	82%	cpu			l			teal	0%	guest	9%		1.60GHz	avgsca:	
cpu	sys	13%	user	5%	irq	1%	idle	80%	cpu			ļ			teal	0%	guest	0%		1.60GHz	avgsca:	
cpu	sys	11%	user	5%	irq	0%	idle	84%	cpu	007	w 0%			33.77	teal	0%	guest	0%	avgf '	1.60GHz	avgsca.	
CPL	avg1	12.53	avg5	12.90			avg1!		1			CSW	172953	ir	itr	275491					numcpu	24
MEM	tot	94.6G	free	11.7G	cache	72.4G	dirt	, 0.0M	buf	F	1.2G	slab	1.7G	1								
SWP		952.0M	free	647.7M		_ 3			1					1					vmcom	15.4G		48.2G
PAG	scan	9			stall	9	100	22.00				0000000	100	ļ.,,	1000	12/12/20	swin	9		80 808 8	swout	9
LUM		g1-VAR	busy	10%	read	0	write		KiB		9	KiB/w			3r/s	0.00	MBw/s		avq	6.78	avio 0	
LUM		TORAGE	busy	6%	read	0	write		KiB		9	KiB/w			3r/s	0.00	MBw/s	0.53	avq	61.93	avio 0	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
LUM		-LUSSD	busy	2%	read	38	write		KiB.		81	KiB/w			3r/s	1.52	MBw/s	0.81	avq	2.60	avio 0	
LUM		1-ROOT	busy	9%	read	9	write				0	KiB/w			3r/s	0.00	MBw/s	0.00	avq	0.00	avio 0	
LUM	vg	1-SWAP	busy	9%	read	0	write				9	KiB/w			3r/s	0.00	MBw/s	0.00	avq	0.00	avio 0	
MDD		md 0	busy	9%	read	0	write				9	KiB/w			3r/s	0.00	MBw/s	9.32	avq	0.00	avio 0	
MDD		md1	busy	9%	read	38	write		KiB		81	KiB/w			3r/s	1.52	MBw/s	0.81	avq	0.00	avio 0	
DSK		sdf	busy	10%	read	156	write		KiB		26	KiB/w			3r/s	2.00	MBw/s		avq	9.31	avio 0	
DSK I		sdh	busy	9%	read	157	write		KiB		31	KiB/w			3r/s	2.39	MBw/s	1.88	avq	8.00	avio 0	
DSK I	1000000	sdd	busy	9%	read	198	write		KiB.		25	KiB/w			3r/s	2.50	MBw/s	2.80	avq	10.37	avio 0	
NET	transp			1524901		2998738	udpi	. 0			0	tcpao	61	i co	cppo	7244	ccprs	143869	tcpie	2	udpip	0
NET	networ		ipi	1524922		1157052	ipfr				525e3			!					icmpi	17	icmpo	0
NET	eth0	9%	pcki	45,0700	pcko	0007475	51	0 Kbps	50		Kbps	coll	9		rri	9	erro	9	drpi	40074	drpo	9
NET	bond10			1543739		3027175		38 Mbps	50		Gbps	coll	0		ri	9	erro	9	State of the latest state	19376	drpo	0
NET	eth10		pcki	759939		1572852		244 Mbps			Mbps	coll	0		ri	9	erro	9	State State St	2463	drpo	0
NET	eth11		pcki	783790		1454306		293 Mbps			Mbps	coll	0		ri	0	erro	9	drpi	16913	drpo	0
NET	10		pcki	408	pcko	408	si l	400 Kbps	50	400	Kbps	coll	0	l er	ri	ы	erro	g	drpi	9	drpo	9
PID		SYSCPU		USRCPU	V	GROW	RGRO	)W	RUID			EUID		THR		TZ	EXC	S		CPU	CMD	1/54
3355		10.275		1.095	17	408K	1822	BK	varni:	sh		varnish	1	1323	3			- S	Ī	577%	varni	shd
125		1.405		0.005		ØK		ЭK	root			root		1				R		71%	ksofti	rqd/23
540		0.515		0.00s		OK	9	ЭK	root			root		1				R	2	26%	kworke	r/23:2



ATOP - sdt-nlix37

# A 2011 server sending 17,579 Gbit/s

_																					
ATOP	- sdt-	plix37					2014/0	7/13 22	:50:17	7					F					25	elapsed
PRC	sys	14.795		1.445	#proc	420	#trun	19	#tslp	pi 1	2e3	#tslpu		#zombie		clones				#exit	?
CPU	sys	190%		62%	irq	708%	idle	1437%	wait		4%			steal	0%	guest	9%	avgf	2.08GHz	avgscal	68%
cpu																					190%
cpu																					100%
cpu																					100%
chn																					99%
CDU																					100%
cpu		8%		1%		75%	idle	16%		17 W											93%
cpu		9%		1%		73%	idle	17%		19 W				steal					2.83GHz		92%
cpu		7%		2%		73%	idle	19%			0%				0%		6%		2.77GHz		90%
cpu		17%		6%	irq	9%	idle	77%	cpu01		1%			steal	9%	guest	9%		1.85GHz	avgscal	60%
cpu	sys	16%		5%	irq	1%	idle	79%	cpu01		0%			steal	9%	guest	9%		1.67GHz	avgscal	54%
cpu	sys	14%		4%	irq	10%	idle	71%	cpu00		9%			steal	0%	guest	0%		1.64GHz	avgscal	53%
cpu		14%	user	5%	irq	0%	idle	81%	cpu00		0%			steal	0%	guest	6%		1.61GHz	avgscal	52%
cpu	sys	12%	user	6%	irq	9%	idle	82%	cbn <sub>0</sub> ,		9%			steal	0%	guest	9%		1.60GHz	avgscal	52%
cpu	sys	13%	user	5%	irq	1%	idle	80%	cpu0(		9%			steal	0%	guest	9%		1.60GHz	avgscal	52%
cpu		11%	user	5%	irq	0%	idle	84%	сриы	97 W	ยะ	4700		steal	0%	guest	9%	avg+	1.60GHz	avgscal	52%
CPL	avg1	12.53	avg5	12.90	l azaba	70 60 1	avg15	12.38	buff			csw 1729		intr 2	275491					numcpu	24
MEM SWP	tot   tot	94.6G 952.0M	free   free	11.7G   647.7M	cache	72.4G	dirty	0.0M	buff		.2G	slab    1.	′° ¦						m 15.4G	   vmlim	10 or 1
PAG	l scan		i tree	047.711	!   stall											swin		VIIICUI		Swout	40.26
LUM		un1-IIAR	l I husu	16%	l read		write	211	KiR/			KiR/w	85	MBr/s	0 00	MRm/s	8 70 1		6.78	l auio 0	97 ms I
	NET	I tr	ansp	ort		teni	159	1004		ter	10	299873	Q	l udr	n i		0	udp	10	8	91 H
LUM		•																			94 III
LUM	NET	1 ne	twor	k	- 1	ini	152	24922		ind	)	115705	2	in	Frw		0	del	iv 1!	525e3	
LUM					00.																3 III
MDD	HET	et	ทย		0%	pcki		6		pcl	(0		9	si		Kbp:	5	50	13	Kbps	
MDD	ыст	I ho	nd10			pcki	401	9790		nel	70	302717	_	5i	E 9 0	Mbp:	- 1	CO	17	Gbps	
DSK	ITE I	1 00	IIU I U			hckt	13.	10103							200	nup:	2	50	11	anha	4
DSK	NET	I et	h10		1	pcki	75	59939		ncl	0.5	157285	2	si	241	Mbp:	5 1	50	9114	Mhns	
D2K										•											
NET	NET	et	h11			pcki	78	33790		pcl	⟨0⟩	145430	6	si	293	Mbp:	5	50	8465	Mbps	
NET	NET	1 10				pcki		408		pcl	,,,	40	0	si	400	Kbp:	-	50	400	Kbps	
NET	INC I	I TO				hrut		400		pri	'U	40	0	21	406	, KDP:	5 I	50	400	KDh2	
NET	eth10		pcki	759939	pcko 1	1572852	si 24	4 Mbps	50 91	114 M	bps	coll	9	erri	0	erro	0	drpi	2463	drpo	9
NET	eth11		pcki	783790	pcko 1	1454306		3 Mbps	50 81			coll						drpi	16913	drpo	6
NET	10		pcki	408	pcko	408	si 40	10 Kbps		400 K	bps	coll		erri				drpi		drpo	8
DY	D	CHCODII		UCDODU		DD011	DODGE		HITE			THE	-	UD	OT	EVO	0		ODII	OUD	4.751
PI		SYSCPU		USRCPU		GROW	RGROW		UID			UID		HR	ST	EXC	2	_	CPU	CMD	1/54
335! 12!		10.27s 1.40s		1.09s 0.00s	172	408K 0K	18220K OK		varnish Oot			varnish root	- ' '	323					577% 71%	varnis ksoftir	
54		0.515		0.00s		OK	OK OK		oot			oot							26%	kworker	
	-	0.713		0.000			011					001								MWOI NEI	/



# OK, LET'S TRY 40 G





# Mellanox MCX414A-BCAT

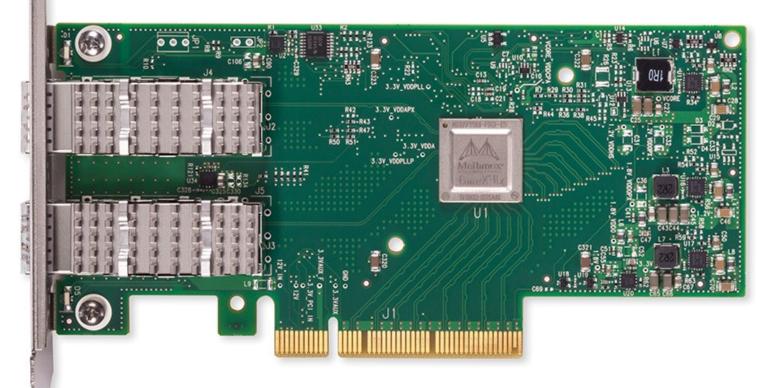




Table 9 - MCX414A-BCAT Specifications Table

Physical	Size: 2.71 in. x 5.6 in. (68.90mm x 142.24 mm) – low profile									
Filysical	Connector: Dual QSFP28 (Copper and optical)									
Protocol Support	Ethernet: 56GBASE-R4, 50GBASE-R2, 50GBASE-R4, 40GBASE-CR4, 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-SR4, 40GBASE-LR4, 40GBASE-ER4, 40GBASE-R2, 25GBASE-R, 20GBASE-KR2, 1000BASE-CX, 1000BASE-KX, 10GBASE-SR, 10GBASE-LR, 10GBASE-ER, 10GBASE-CX4, 10GBASE-KX4, 10GBASE-CR, 10GBASE-KR, SGMII									
	<b>Data Rate:</b> 1/10/25/40/56 Gb/s – Ethernet									
	PCI Express Gen3: SERDES @ 8.0GT/s, 8 lanes (2.0 and 1.1 compatible)									
	Type Tables: 40GbE-11.86V3.08X									
Power and Environmental	Maximum Power: Passiv Cables: 40GbE = 13.50W 56GbE = 13.98W 1.5W Active Cables: 40GbE = 16.83W 56GbE = 17.31W									
Environmental	Maximum power available through QSFP28 port: 3.5W									
	Temperature: Operational 0°C to 55°C Non-operational -40°C to 70°C									
	Humidity: 90% relative humidity <sup>b</sup>									
	Air Flow: See Airflow Specifications on page 65									
	Safety: CB / cTUVus / CE									
Regulatory	EMC: CE / FCC / VCCI / ICES / RCM									
	RoHS: RoHS-R6									

- a. Typical power for ATIS traffic load.
- b. For both operational and non-operational states.





# PCI Epress 3.0 8x

## PCI Express link performance<sup>[27][30]</sup>

PCI Express	Line	Transfer	Throughput <sup>[i]</sup>										
version	code	rate <sup>[i]</sup>	×1	×4	×8	×16							
1.0	8b/10b	2.5 GT/s	250 MB/s	1 GB/s	2 GB/s	4 GB/s							
2.0	8b/10b	5 GT/s	500 MB/s	2 GB/s	4 GB/s	8 GB/s							
3.0	128b/130b	8 GT/s	984.6 MB/s	3.938 GE(s	7.877 GB/s	15.754 GB/s							
4.0 (expected in 2017)	128b/130b	16 GT/s	1.969 GB/s heoretic	cally a duc	15.754 GB/s	31.508 GB/s GhE 8x							
5.0 (far future) <sup>[28][29]</sup>	128b/130b	32 UF	3.9, or	rd can do	31.5, or j	63.0, or							

i. A = b In each direction (each lane is a dual simplex course to 8 PCIe lanes being used

ii. A Both rates are being considered for technical feasibility

source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PCI\_Express



2016



# PCI Epress 3.0 8x

## PCI Express link performance<sup>[27][30]</sup>

PCI Express	Line	Transfer	Throughput <sup>[i]</sup>											
version	code	rate <sup>[i]</sup>	×1	×4	×8	×16								
1.0	8b/10b	2.5 GT/s	250 MB/s	1 GB/s	2 GB/s	4 GB/s								
2.0	8b/10b	5 GT/s	500 MB/s	2 GB/s	4 GB/s	8 GB/s								
3.0	128b/130b	8 GT/s	984.6 MB/s	3.938 GE(s	7.877 GB/s	15.754 GB/s								
4.0 (expected in 2017)	128b/130b	16 GT/s	1.969 GB/s	7.877 GB/s	15.754 GB/s	31.508 GB/s								
5.0 (far future) <sup>[28][29]</sup>	128b/130b	32 or 25 GT/s <sup>(ii)</sup>	3.9, or 3.08 GB/s	15.8, or	an squee	63.0, or								
					•									

i. \* \* b In each direction (each lane is a dual simplex channel).

ii. A Both rates are being considered for technical feasibility.



out of Linux with NOTRACK



2016

# And here comes 2018...







## IN 2018...

## 12 servers

- each one having2x40 Gbit/s NIC
- and 2x10 Gbit/s NIC

this gives over 800
Gbit/s of real
"internet
broadcasting power"



2014 211+ Gbit/s

2018 463+ Gbit/s

2018
? Gbit/s



# 2014 211+ Gbit/s

2018 463+ Gbit/s

2018 860+ *G*bit/*s*\*

\*does not include NCplus' internet broadcasts



Source: internet

